

THE FINANCIAL ADVICE INDUSTRY IN CANADA

An Economic Profile

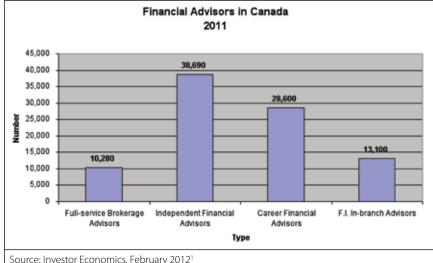
Financial Advisors in Canada – Overview

Financial advisors are professionals who work with their clients to achieve desired financial goals. Drawing on their expertise in financial planning including needs analysis, recommendations and ongoing review, their ability to navigate the complexities of the financial services landscape is the foundation for the trust-based relationships they build with their clients. Financial advisors provide millions of Canadians with a wide array of comprehensive financial advice services including: retirement and estate planning; risk management through insurance protection solutions; tax planning; employee benefit plans; disability coverage; and long-term care and critical illness insurance.

Most financial advisors hold licenses (or registrations) to sell life and health insurance, securities or mutual funds – or some combination of the three. Appropriate licensing allows advisors to transact in these key financial services on behalf of their clients. Financial advisors use products such as stocks, bonds, mutual funds, deposit instruments, and life and health insurance products to meet the needs of their clients.

Most financial advisors receive a commission payment for the financial products that they offer to clients. There are other forms of compensation depending on the advice channel. Fee-based planning is common in the financial services industry. Fee-based advisors often charge asset-based fees (e.g., a percentage fee based on the assets managed for a client) but may also collect commissions. Fee-based financial advisors should be distinguished from fee-only financial planners, who are compensated solely by the client, typically through some combination of hourly fees (including retainers), financial planning fees and asset management fees. Fee-only financial planners make up a very small percentage of the financial advice industry in Canada.

There are just over 90,000 financial advisors representing four primary channels of advice Canada. These include: advisors working through full service brokerages; independent financial advisors; career or exclusive financial advisors; and advisors that are working inbranch for a financial institution.² The vast majority of financial advisors are either licensed to sell life and health insurance (licensed by provincial insurance regulators), or registered to sell mutual funds (licensed under the Mutual Fund Dealers Association of Canada – MFDA) and securities registrants (under the Investment Industry Regulatory Organization



Source: Investor Economics, February 2012¹

NOTE: Estimates are for 2011 but in some cases only full year-end 2010 data was available.

of Canada – IIROC). Many advisors hold more than one license (typically dual licensed for mutual funds and life and health insurance but other combinations are also common).

Independent advisors are typically small business owner-operators of single-person or small advisory firms (groups of more than one advisor). They are independently-contracted to distribute life and health insurance and wealth products (e.g., mutual funds and securities) and services through multiple financial services manufacturers (e.g., life insurance companies, fund managers). Career advisors, on the other hand, are affiliated exclusively with a major insurance company or investment firm but are also independently contracted and are considered to be

All data in this profile is from Investor Economics, February 2012, unless otherwise indicated.

There are additional individuals in the industry licensed to sell life and health insurance or registered as securities and mutual fund representatives. However, this data provides an estimate of individuals that are actively providing financial advice to Canadians as opposed to inactive advisors or individuals who are processing

small businesses (i.e., their contract is not based on an employee-employer relationship). Career advisors generally distribute proprietary products of their firms. However, some product offerings in this channel are available from third-party financial services manufacturers.

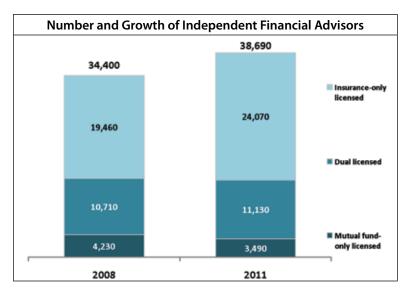
Canada's financial institutions, including banks and credit unions, dominate the full-service brokerage and inbranch advice channels, employing thousands of advisors. There are a number of independent brokerages that also represent a sizable amount of full-service broker advisors. In-branch advice is also available through Canada's credit unions.

| Secondary Financial Advice Channels in Canada – 2011 | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Туре | Number of Advisors | Assets Under Administration (\$billions) | | | | |
| Deposit Brokers | 1,540 | \$30.0 | | | | |
| Private Investment Counsel | 1,050 | \$163.8 | | | | |
| Private Bankers | 360 | \$40.9 | | | | |
| Estate & Trust | 330 | \$31.1 | | | | |
| Exempt Market Dealers | 420 | Not available | | | | |
| Fee-only Planners | 150 | Non-applicable | | | | |
| Multi-family Offices | 50 | \$7.0 | | | | |
| Scholarship Plan Distributors | 2,520 | \$1.4 | | | | |

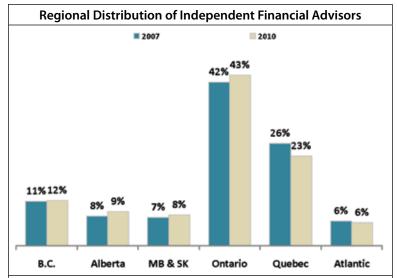
Other categories of financial advisors include: deposit brokers; private investment counsel; private bankers; estate and trust; exempt market dealers; fee-only planners; multi-family offices; and scholarship plan distributors. In total, these groups of advisors total approximately 6,400 — less than seven per cent of the total number of individuals providing financial advice to Canadians.

The remainder of this profile provides a summary of key economic characteristics of the four primary channels of the financial advice industry in Canada.

Independent Financial Advisors



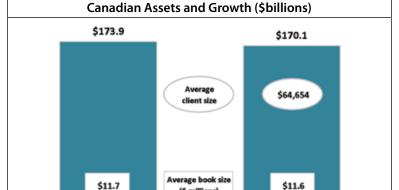
Insurance-only licensed advisors currently make up 62% of total advisors in this channel, compared to 56% based on the estimated number of advisors in 2008. The number of insurance-only licensed advisors grew by 23.7% during this period. Challenging economics in the wake of the 2008 to 2009 market downturn forced some firms to rationalize their mutual fund sales forces. At the same time, some advisors previously registered with an MFDA dealer opted to move to an IIROC registration.



NOTE: The regional distribution of all four primary channels of financial advisors reflects only those advisors who belong to an MFDA- or IIROC-registered dealer firm (i.e., does not include life-licensed advisors).

Financial Asset Distribution of Independent Financial Advisors

Two-thirds of all advisors in this category are based in either Ontario or Quebec. The number of independent financial advisors in Quebec has declined by three percentage points since 2007. The share of independent financial advisors in the three western regions increased from 26% in 2007 to 29% in 2010, reflecting the growing wealth management opportunity in that region.



Note: Represents mutual fund only and dual licensed (mutual fund and life insurance) advisor assets .

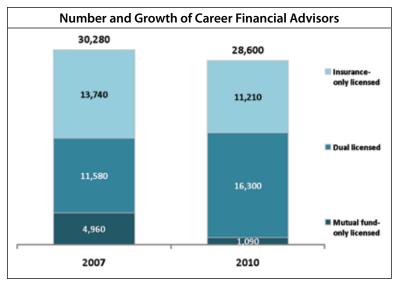
2010

2007

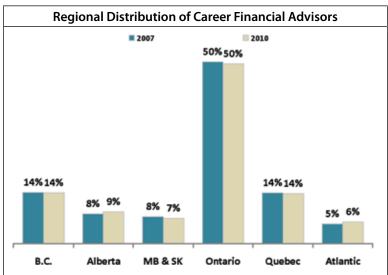
(\$ millions)

Assets under administration in this channel recorded a modest decline over the three-year period ended 2010. The branch advice and full-service brokerage channels added assets over the same period. In 2010, assets under administration per mutual fund-only/dual licensed advisor were \$11.6 million; little change since 2007.

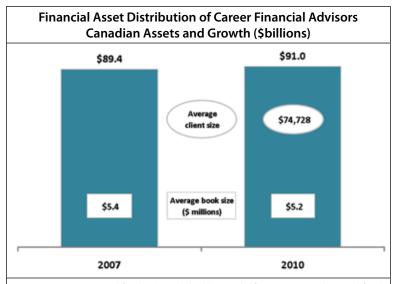
Career Financial Advisors



This channel is dominated by a small number of large career sales forces. Some advisors from these career companies shift to the independent channel at a point in their career. The career sales forces among these firms experienced an overall drop of 5.5% during this period.



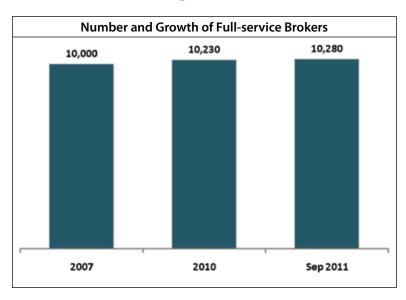
Despite a decline in the number of career financial advisors, the national distribution has remained relatively unchanged in three years. Compared to the other primary channels, career financial advisors have a larger proportion of advisors in Ontario.



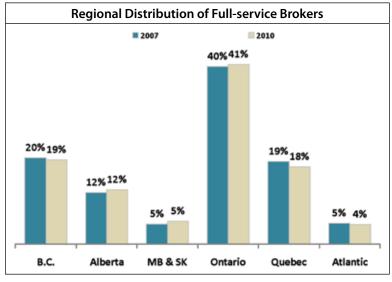
in the number of advisors, there has been a modest increase in assets under administration in this channel during the period under review. The average book size per advisor declined by 3.7% during this period. The relatively small average book size reflects, in part, the fact that these firms undertake a significant amount of recruitment into the industry; newer advisors typically have smaller books of business in the early years of their careers.

Notwithstanding the overall decrease

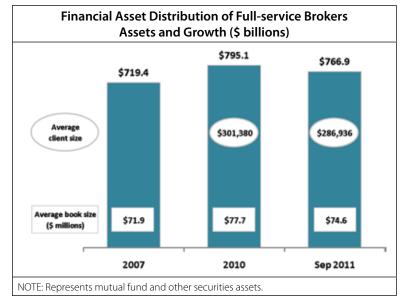
Full-Service Brokerage Advisors



The number of advisors in this channel has been relatively stable since 2007. The modest increase in the number of full-service brokerage advisors has been driven by an increase in the demand for advice and some movement of financial advisors to the full-service brokerage channel.

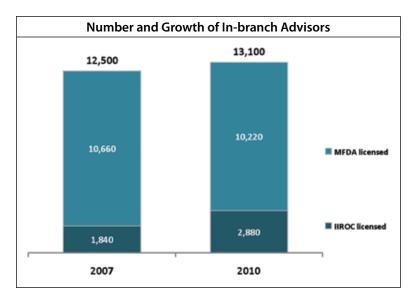


While the full-service brokerage advisor population increased moderately during the three-year period, the distribution of these advisors on a national level remained generally stable. Alberta and Ontario were the fastest-growing regions in terms of full-service brokerage advisors. Quebec witnessed the largest decline in full-service brokers over the same period.

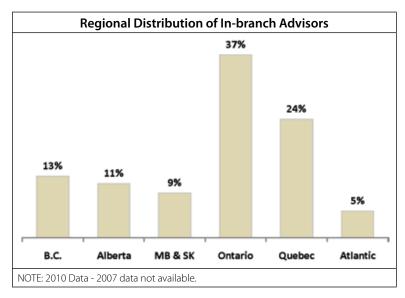


Assets under administration in this channel increased by approximately \$47 billion from 2007 to September 2011. The decline of approximately \$28 billion recorded in the first nine months of 2011 reflects weak equity markets and an outflow of invested funds. Full-service (IIROC-registered) brokers have significantly higher average client size and average book size, which is indicative in part of their target client market and their firms' business strategy.

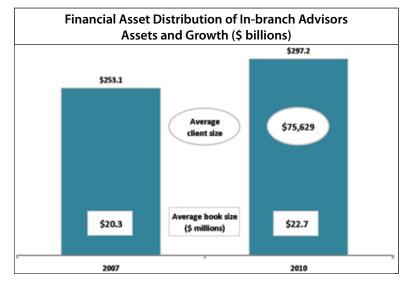
Financial Institution In-branch Advisors



From 2007 to 2010, the number of financial advisors in the financial institution inbranch advice channel grew by 4.8%. While the number of MFDA licensed advisors fell, the number of branch advice advisors holding an IIROC registration grew by 16% on a year-over-year basis during the same period (56.5% growth in total during the four-year period).

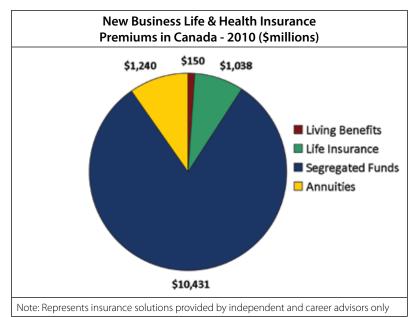


The distribution of branch advisors largely reflects the presence of bank branches and population patterns across Canada.



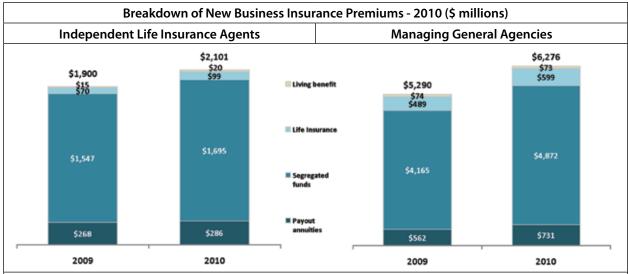
Despite a challenging environment, branch advice channel assets under administration grew by approximately \$44 billion in the three-year period ended December 2010. This asset increase represents a three-year 5.5% year-over-year cumulative growth rate, compared to an annual growth rate of 3.5% for the full-service brokerage channel for the same period.

Life & Health Insurance Advice in Canada



Financial advisors do more than just help their clients save and accumulate wealth; they provide a wide array of life and health insurance solutions that protect their clients and their beneficiaries, provide a stream of income well into retirement, and assist in difficult times of disability or critical illness.

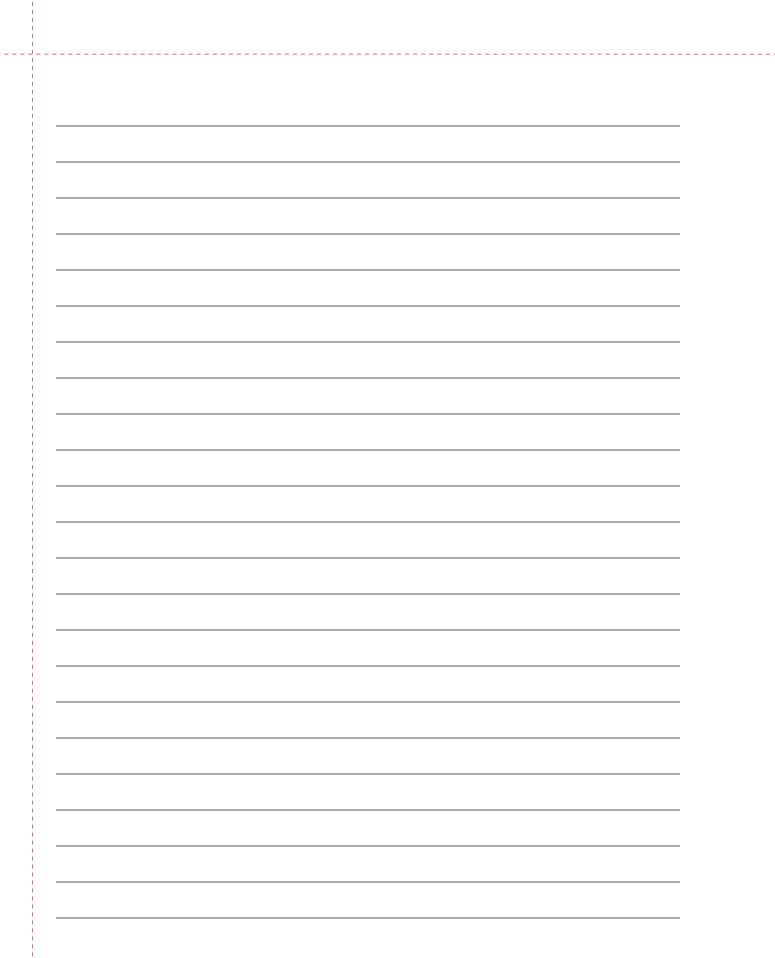
Small business financial advisors (independent and career advisors), which represent the vast majority of life and health insurance advice in Canada, accounted for nearly \$13 billion of new business life and health insurance premiums in the four major categories of insurance and protection solutions. The sale of segregated funds dominated all categories representing over 80% of new business premiums, while living benefits (critical illness, disability and long-term care insurance) accounted for a mere 1.2% of total new business.



NOTE: Both independent life insurance agents and agents operating through a Managing General Agency (MGA)³ are captured under the independent advisor channel.

In 2010, total new business life and health insurance premiums flowing through Managing General Agencies (MGAs) were approximately three times higher than those generated by independent life agents that contract directly with an insurer. In both sub-channels of the independent advisor channel, investments in segregated funds represent over 75% of new business flows. Investments in payout annuities, which showed a year-over-year increase of seven per cent in the independent sub-channel, recorded an increase of 30% in the MGA channel.

³ In general terms, a Managing General Agency (MGA) is an individual, partnership or corporation that holds at least one direct brokerage contract with a life insurance company registered to do business in Canada.



Questions?

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